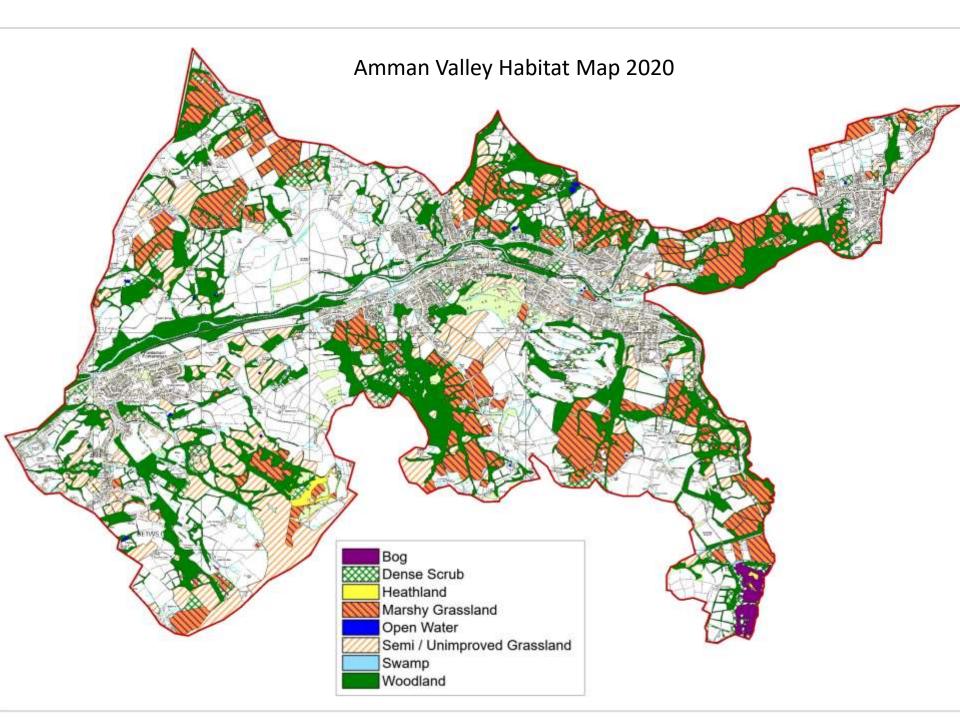
Amman Valley Wildlife Update March 2020

Over the past few months INCC have been working with Carmarthenshire Council to map the Important wildlife habitat in the Valley. Marshy Grassland and Bog Habitat are some of the most important habitats found in the area as they support the Marsh Fritillary butterfly and other rare wildlife. The survey didn't go further north than Llandeilo Road, but I am hoping to do this section later on in the year. The idea behind the survey is to find out where all out important habitat is so that we can design better nature conservation projects and wildlife surveys in future.



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Whilst undertaking the survey I found some wonderful new wildlife walks with lots of nature on show, including this very old Beech Tree and even a few Kestrels.







There were also some wonderful views across the Valley to the Brecon Beacons National Park. Hopefully there will be time to fit the odd wildlife walk in later on in the year.













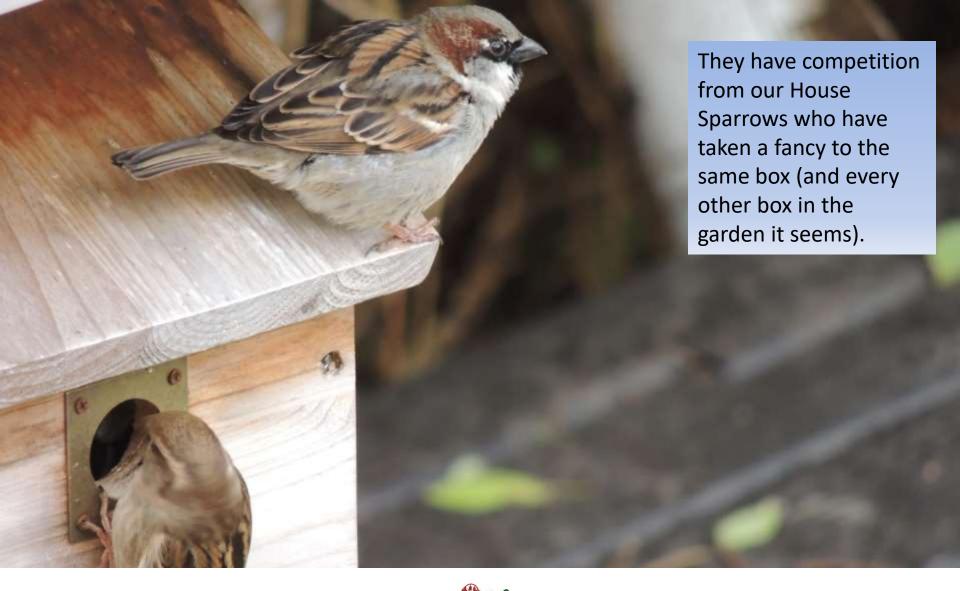
It may not look much, but this is a Pied Flycatcher nest. Its very old so the nest has rotted down quite a bit, but you can still make out the tell-tale signs of Pied Flycatcher. The birds strip the bark off honeysuckle plants in the woodland to weave their nest. The broader bits of vegetation in the photo are bits of honeysuckle. We will check the boxes again in the Autumn.















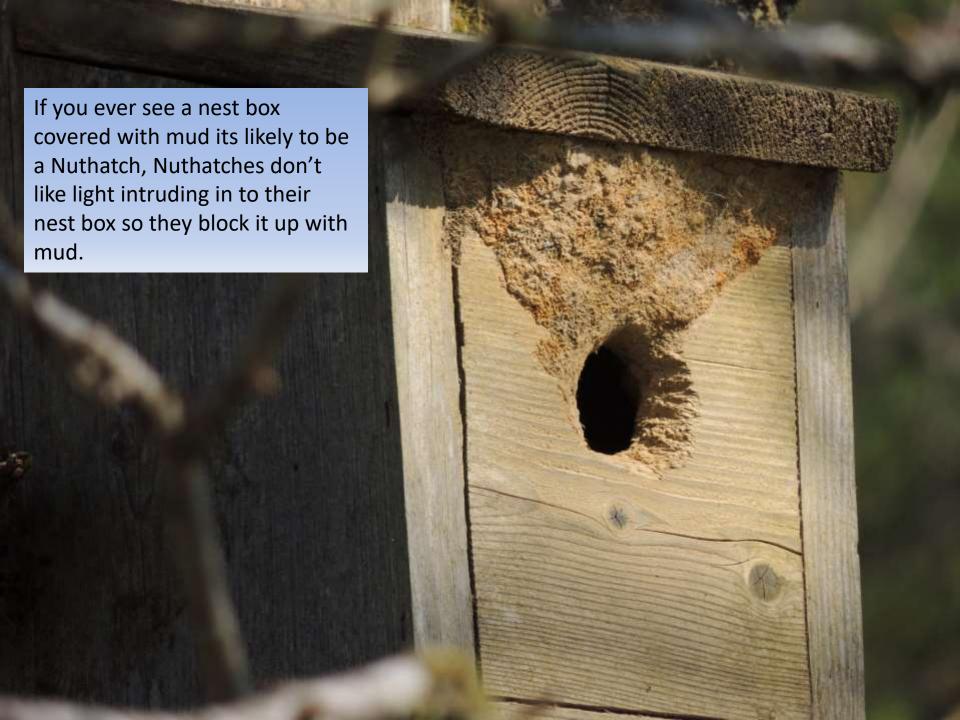
















Keep an eye out for Butterflies in the Garden. I have already seen......

Small Tortoiseshells





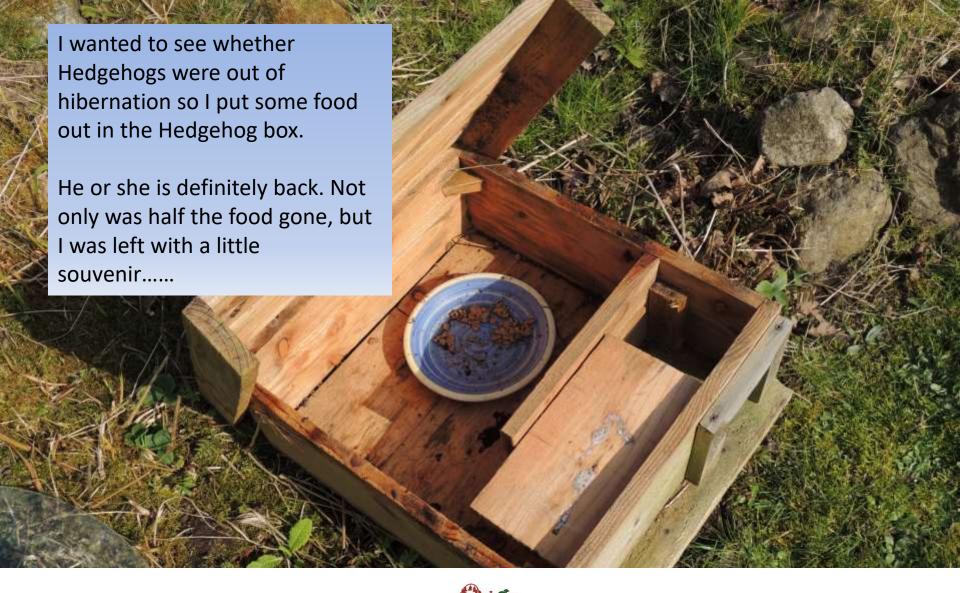




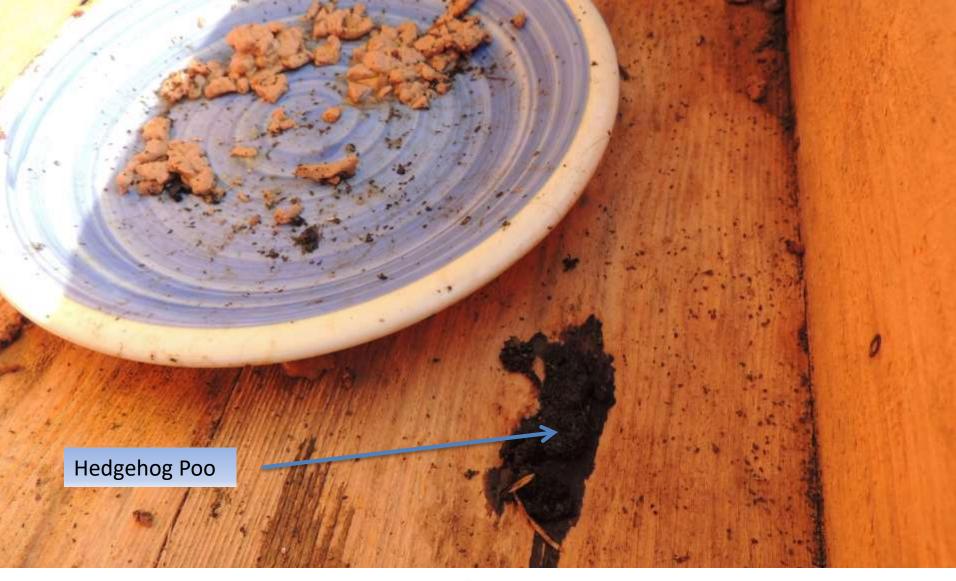




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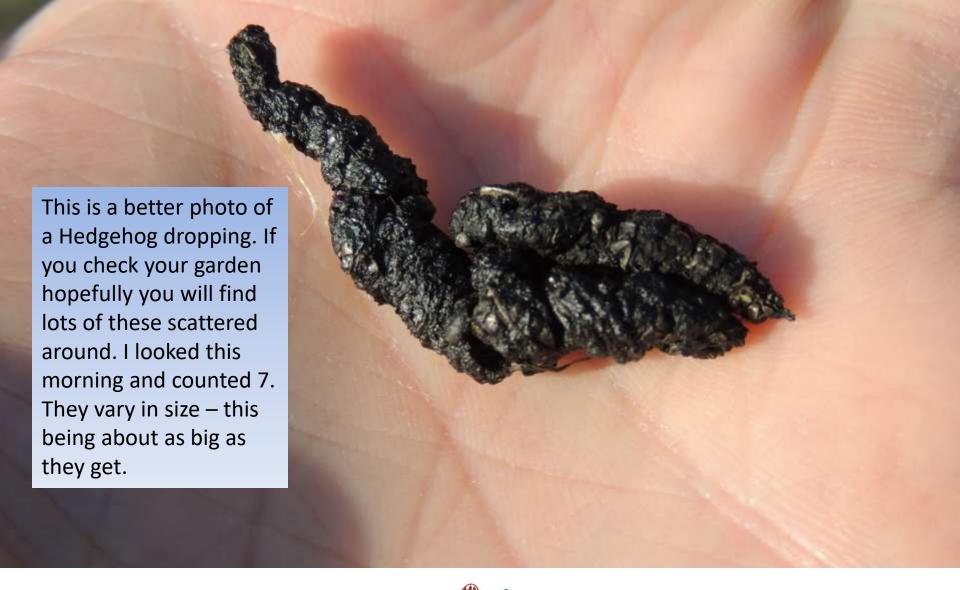




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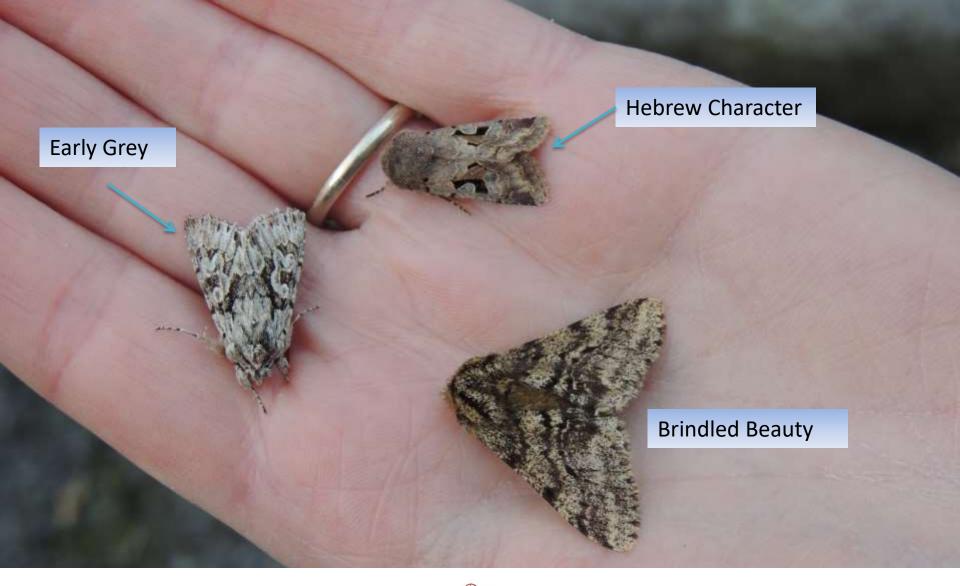




















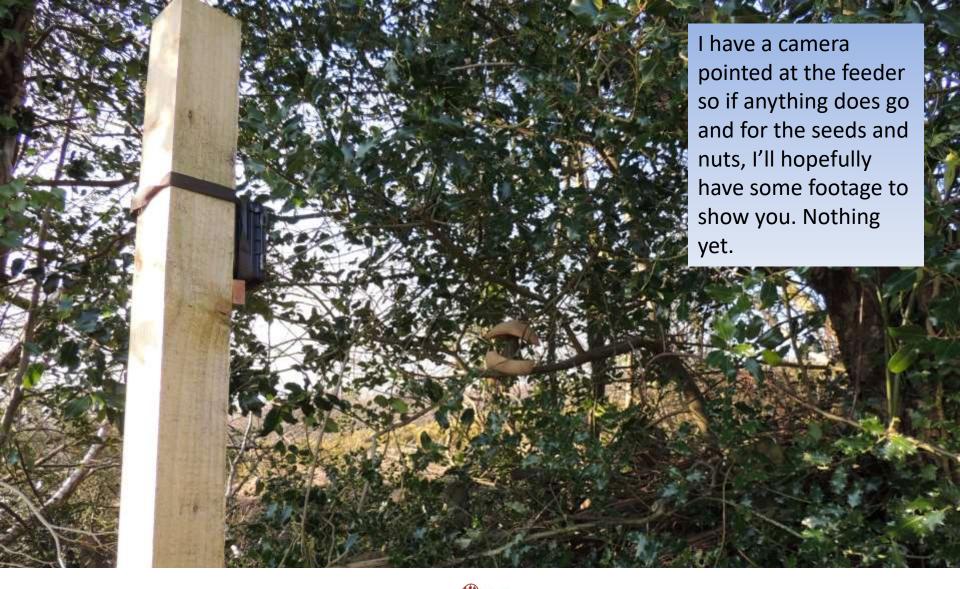
I am also experimenting by trying to create habitat for Mining Bees and solitary wasps who dig holes in soil for their nests. The design is the same as a bird box, but the front removed and replaced with some mesh. Then I've just put some soil in and compacted it down. I've placed it in a sunny spot in the garden for optimum chance of it working.



I made this make shift feeder from two old misshapen bowls. I have hung the feeder in the trees and at the back of the garden to try and attract Dormice. Dormice are incredibly rare, but there are a few records in the valley. They don't like coming down to the ground and instead spend much of their activity in trees, hedgerows and scrub.



















Please keep an eye out and let me know if you see Glow Worm Larvae like this one below. They are dark brown / black in colour with bright. They are out and about now.

Larvae are dark in colour and have pale spots at the rear edge of each segment. They can sometimes be seen in fields and gardens in Spring in search of their prey - snails.

INCC is working with Carmarthenshire Meadows Group and other partners to undertake a survey for glow worms this year, so please do report any you see.

Adult female Glow worms do all the glowing. They climb up on top of long grass to attract a mate and then glow. Hopefully we can go out in the evening to survey some sites this year – between May and September.